本該題係两面即刷

銘傳大學 96 學年度研究所碩士班招生考試 管理研究所碩士班(甲組) 財務金融學系碩士班 傳播管理研究所碩士班(丙組) 資訊管理學系碩士班 第一節

計算機概論試題

(第2頁共 | 頁) (限用答案本作答)

- 一、選擇題(60%): 每題答對得兩分,答錯或空白得零分
 - 1. The largest network in the world is called the a. Internet b. WWW c. HINET d. TANET e. FTP
 - 2. The most important system software program is the ____. a. word processor b. database management system c. operating system d. application software e. information system
 - 3. Which of the following computer types is the smallest? a. mainframe b. microcomputer c. supercomputer d. workstation e. minicomputer
 - 4. A step-by-step solution to a problem is called ____. a. hardware b. an operating system c. a computer language d. an algorithm e. ASCII
 - 5. Which of the following is a secondary storage device? a. RAM b. cache c. floppy-disk d. printer e. monitor
 - 6. Language translators (or compilers) convert human language into ____. a. machine language b. UNIX c. assembly language d. operating systems e. JAVA language
 - 7. Web site addresses are called ____. a. HTML b. home pages c. URLs d. hyperlinks e. TCP/IP
 - 8. The most common input devices are the ___ and the ___. a. keyboard, printer b. mouse, monitor c. printer, monitor d. keyboard, microphone e. mouse, keyboard
 - 9. What is the domain name in the email address kayla@pit.arc.nasa.gov? a. kayla b. pit.arc.nasa.gov c. kayla@pit.arc.nasa.gov d. nasa.gov e. gov
 - 10. The IP address is currently bits in length. a. 4 b. 8 c. 16 d. 32 e. 64
 - 11. The ___ layer of OSI model organizes bits into logical data units called frames a. physical b. data-link c. network d. transport e. session
 - 12. Which topology uses a hub or switch? a. bus b. ring c. star d. all of the above e. none of the above
 - 13. a. FTP b. SMTP c. TELNET d. HTTP e. SSL is a protocol for file transfer.
 - 14. DOS is considered a ___ operating system. a. batch b. time-sharing c. parallel d. personal e. multitasking
 - 15. A system with more than one CPU requires a ___ operating system. a. batch b. time-sharing c. parallel d. distributed e. network
 - 16. a. An operating system b. Hardware c. A queue d. An application program e. An anti-viruses program supervises and manages the activity of each component in a computer system.
 - 17. Multiprogramming requires a ___ operating system. a. batch b. time-sharing c. parallel d. distributed e. network
 - 18. The only language understood by computer hardware is a ___ language. a. C/C++ b. symbolic c. high-level d. natural e. machine
 - 19. ___ is a basic algorithm that arranges data according to their values. a. Inquiry b. Sorting c. Searching d. Recursion e. Summation
 - 20. C, C++, and JAVA can be classified as ____ language. a. machine b. symbolic c. high-level d. natural e. assembly
 - 21. JAVA is a(n) ___ language. a. procedural b. functional c. declarative d. object-oriented e. assembly
 - 22. HTML, PERL, and SQL fall under the classification of ___ language. a. modern b. special declarative c. object-oriented d. nature e. assembly

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- 24. A gateway operates at of the OSI model. a. first layer b. first two layers c. first three layers d. all layers e. none of the above
- 25. The memory contains a copy of a portion of main memory to speed up execution. a. CPU b. monitor c. printer d. ROM e. cache
- 26. In ____, only one program can reside in memory for execution. a. monoprogramming b. multiprogramming c. partitioning d. paging e. none of the above
- 27. A standard data type in the C/C++ language is not including a. int b. char c. float d. array e. both float and array
- 28. The controller features a parallel interface and daisy-chained connection for I/O devices. a. SCSI b. FireWire c. USB d. IDE e. all of the above
- 29. Random Access Memory (RAM) is a kind of ___ storage. a. permanent b. smart c. temporary d. expansion e. cache memory
- 30. search is usually applied to an ordered list. a. Sequential b. Binary c. Bubble d. Insertion e. Selection
- 二、簡答題(40%):答錯或空白得零分
- 1. Convert the following five base ten (decimal) representations to their equivalent two's complement forms using patterns of 8 bits: (10%)

a. 6 b. -17 c. -1 d. 0 e. 1

- 2. The IEEE 32-bit floating point standard is given below. The leftmost bit is the sign bit; the next eight bits denote the Exponent Field and the remaining twenty-three bits denote the Mantissa Field.
- (a) Convert the value 5.025 (decimal representations) into its IEEE 32-bit floating point format. (5%)
- (b) Interpret the following 32-bit floating point number to its decimal representation. (5%) 1 01111100 110011000000000000000000

 b_{31} b_{30} b_{29} b_{28} b_{27} b_{26} b_{25} b_{24} b_{23} b_{22} b_{21} b_{20} ... b_1 b_{01} Exponent

Sign bit

Mantissa

本試題係兩面印刷

IEEE 32-bit floating point format

- 3. Identify the body of the following loop structure and count the number of times it will be executed. (5%) What happens if the test is changed to while (Count not 6)? (5%)
- 4. What are the five basic components that make up a computer? (10%)

