

銘傳大學九十一學年度資訊工程研究所碩士班招生考試

第一節

計算機概論 試題

- Determine the value, true or false, of each of the following Boolean expression. Assume that variable **count** = 0, variable **limit** = 10, Give your answer as one of the value true or false.
 - $(\text{limit} > 20) \parallel (\text{count} < 5)$
 - $!((\text{count} < 10) \parallel (x < y) \&\& (\text{count} \geq 0))$(10 points)
- Convert the following **while** loop into a **for** loop.

```
int a = 5;
while(a < 15)
{   cout <<"Hello"<<endl;
    a = a + 2;
}
```

(10 points)
- Write a program to “merge” two sorted integer arrays into a new array. For example, three arrays are declared as follow:

```
int one[5] = {3, 6, 9, 12, 15}
int two[7] = {1, 2, 8, 10, 11, 13, 17}
int three[12];
```

After merging, contents in array **three** [] are
1, 2, 3, 6, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 15, 17
(15 points)
- Every node in a binary tree has the following structure:

```
struct node {   int   data;
               struct node * leftchild;
               struct node * rightchild;}
```

The root of the binary tree is pointed to by a pointer **T**. Write a complete function that will perform a **postorder** traversal.
(15 points)
- Write a complete function to sort the following array in ascending order. And estimate the exact running time and its relative big-O.

```
int array[8] = {4, 9, 1, 3, 6, 50, 23, 5};
```

(15 points)

6. Find the exact running time and its relative big-O of the following function.

Show all the steps.

```
trip(i, j)
{ if (i == j)
    return i;
  else{
    k = (j - i) / 2;
    return trip(i, k) + trip(k+1, j);
  }
}
```

(15 points)

7. Carefully define the big-O as $g(n) = O(f(n))$

(10 points)

8. Discuss the reason why all sorting algorithms based on comparison require at least $O(n \log_2 n)$ running time?

(10 points)

試題完