

銘傳大學九十學年度研究所碩士班招生考試

複試

英文 試題

I. Vocabulary. Choose the best word to complete the sentence. (adapted from English Digest)

1. Some people thought Peter's joke were hilarious, but I think they were too _____.
A. biting B. laughable C. bitter D. chewing
2. You must wear appropriate clothing, because we are entering a _____ place.
A. private B. secular C. sacred D. entertaining
3. The man skillfully _____ the lady and jumped off the bus without being noticed at first.
A. stole B. robbed C. rescued D. pickpocketed
4. Marty's sister is very _____ and often reads his diary when he's away.
A. impulsive B. destructive C. popular D. intrusive
5. His handwriting is so _____ that I can't read a single word of it.
A. precise B. stinky C. precise D. sloppy
6. Joe and Jasmine _____ on the presentation and made it a wonderful success.
A. collaborated B. abandoned C. disagreed D. completed
7. I didn't pay for this book, it was given to me as a _____.
A. promotion B. portion C. protection D. position
8. You are _____ if you have decided to spend a period of time not eating.
A. wasting B. fasting C. feasting D. tasting
9. Bobby is the _____ leader of a well-know Korean triad.
A. infamous B. profound C. celebrated D. competitive
10. Harry has saved up a lot of money and is _____ on traveling all around the U.S.
A. intent B. interested C. intense D. invent

II. Expressions. Choose most appropriate meaning for the underlined expression.

11. Kids are people, too. They have their blue days.
A. get angry sometimes B. get naughty sometimes C. get nervous

sometimes

- D. get depressed sometimes
12. You should try talking to the student before you go off half-cooked and punch her.
A. get busy B. get hasty C. get prepared D. get worried
13. You want to marry her? Oh, well, suit yourself.
A. you are right B. you are unwise C. do whatever you like D. do it carefully
14. With that kind of bad news, she's feeling under the weather.
A. doesn't feel well B. easily catches cold C. is sensitive to weather
D. gets angry easily.
15. Cut it out. I hate being pigeonholed like this.
A. viewed B. categorized C. estimated D. looked down
16. Although garlic may smell bad, it helps ward off colon and rectal cancer
A. prevent B. maintain C. boost D. cure
17. Everyone at work says the pasta at this restaurant is to die for.
A. perfect B. not bad C. awful D. expensive
18. They spent time discussing and mulling over possible solutions.
A. thinking over carefully B. looking over frequently C. figuring out
D. thinking about
19. As they were hiking up the mountain, they stumbled across a grizzly bear.
A. ran across B. killed C. met unexpectedly D. were attacked by
20. The prices of things in tourist shops are~. YOu should learn to bargain.
A. raised high B. balanced C. cut down low D. unreasonable

III. Reading comprehension

Passage 1.

It is home to quiet temples, beautiful palaces, and Disneyland. It is a place where you can find quiet parks and gardens, a wonderful nightlife, and people dressed as cartoon characters. Much more than just a shoppers' paradise or a destination for business travelers, the Japanese capital of Tokyo is a city with something for everyone.

Among Tokyo's best-know tourist attractions are the Meiji Shrine and the Imperial palace. The shrine is the most famous example of traditional Shinto architecture. The palace is an amazing complex that covers a million square meters....

While Tokyo is worth visiting at any time of year, many people would argue that April and May are the best month to go. That is when the famous

cherry blossoms appear. The large crowds in the city's parks are evidence of how popular the beautiful blossoms are. Spring is also a time Of pleasant, comfortable temperatures before the arrival of the hot humid summer.... (by Martin Kelly)

21. The first paragraph described Tokyo as a _____ city.
A. boring B. quiet C. crowed D. versatile
22. In other words, anyone who visit the city
- A. can find something interesting B. may find it too complicated
 C. may be exhausted
 D. may get lost
23. What is an example of Shinto architecture?
 A. the imperial palace B. the amazing complex C. Meiji Shrine D.
tourist attraction
24. According to the passage, when is best for tourist to go to Tokyo?
 A. Spring B. Summer. C. Fall D. Winter
25. In Tokyo, what flowers are in bloom in April and May?
 A. roses B. carnations C. plum blossoms D. cherry blossoms
26. It is Implied that during Summer, it is _____ in Tokyo.
 A. comfortable B. humid C. pleasant D. cool

Passage 2

In the middle of Britain's Salisbury Plain lies a megalithic ruin that is shrouded in legend. Stonehenge, silent sentinel of the past, is an enigmatic memorial to rituals long since forgotten. What would the stones tell us, if they could speak?

The pieces that lend Stonehenge its distinctive look are remarkable : in their unruined positioning, a horseshoe of five gigantic trilithons surrounded by an immense and precise raised circle of sandstone markets, with the famous Heel Stone at the axis point. In a way, the structure does speak, but only as a text whose language has been lost, leading to multiple interpretations with different degrees of reliability.

Stonehenge's mythological builders have ranged from the Romans to King Arthur to the Druids, a caste of pagan Celtic priests. The latter have had great popular support, even though archaeology reveals that Stonehenge was completed almost four thousand years ago, long blare the Celts arrive in Britain. ... (by Aaron Grach)

27. According to the passage, the megalithic ruin in Britain's Salisbury Plain is.
 A. an evidence of science B. a mystery C. a memorial to legend D. a

forgotten place

28. At the megalithic ruin, the stones are _____.
A. strange B. gigantic C. shrouded D. rituals
29. The positioning of the five trilithons takes the shape of _____.
A. a heel B. an axis C. a circle D. a horseshoe
30. What is the shape of raised sandstone markers?
A. a circle B. a horseshoe C. an oval D. a triangle
31. Which stone is at the axis point?
A. horseshoe stone B. Stonehenge C. center stone D. Heel stone
32. The interpretations of the Stonehenge structure are _____.
A. not at all reliable B. many C. mysterious D. unbelievable
33. Which of the following was not mentioned as possible builders of Stonehenge?
A. King Arthur B. the Saxons C. the Druids D. the Romans
34. Who were believed by most people to be the builders of Stonehenge?
A. King Arthur B. the Saxons C. the Druids D. the Romans
35. When was Stonehenge built, according to archaeologists?
A. after the Celts arrived in Britain B. by the end of Roman Empire
C. about four thousand years ago D. after the birth of Christ

IV. Cloze test.

The Meanings of English idioms often aren't obvious __36__ (A. until B. before C. unless) you understand the idiom's origin. But idioms are worth __37__ (A. learning B. to learn C. of learning) because they add colors __38__ (A. to B. in C. for) your language. Most idioms are based __39__ (A. in B. on C. above) images, so you can sometimes guess __40__ (A. what B. that C. which) they mean by picturing them. For example, you __41__ (A. what B. might C. will) read in the news that "the two candidates are running neck __42__ (A. to B. by C. will) neck." This idiom means that the two candidates are equal __43__ (A. in B. between C. among) their chances of winning, and you might imagine __44__ (A. that B. X C. at) the election as a kind of horse race. If you're in a situation __45__ (A. that B. which C. where) it might be safer to keep your opinions __46__ (A. with B. to C. by) yourself, people might advise you __47__ (A. don't to B. not to C. don't) "rock the boat" __48__ (A. which B. ,which C. ,that) is something you shouldn't do if you're riding in a small boat. __49__ (A. Through B. With C. In) using your imagination and creativity, you should be able to get __50__ (A. an idea B. an opinion C. thought) of what

the idioms mean.

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